SARDAR VALLABHBHAI NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, SURAT DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING Course Structure and Scheme of Evaluation (Semester wise) B. Tech. Electrical Engineering (2nd Year Scheme)

					Notional
S.	Cubicate	Cada	Scheme	Credits	hours of
No.	Subjects	Code	L-T-P	(Min.)	Learning
					(Approx.)
	Thi	rd Semester (2n	d year of UG)		·
1.	Electrical Machines I	EE201	3-1-2	5	100
2.	Signals & Systems	EE203	3-1-0	4	70
3.	Electromagnetic theory	EE231	3-1-0	4	70
4.	Digital Circuits	EC209	3-0-2	4	85
5.	Elective	EE2AA	3-X-X	3/4	55/70/85
			Total	20-21	380-410
	Fourth Semester (2nd year of UG)				
1.	Electrical Machines – II	EE202	3-1-2	5	100
2.	Elements of Power Systems	EE204	3-1-2	5	100
	Numerical Methods and				
3.	Applications to Electrical	EE232	3-1-2	5	100
	Engineering				
	Professional Ethics,				
4.	Economics and Business	MG210	3-1-0	4	70
	Management				
5.	Elective	EE2BB	3-X-X	3/4	55/70/85
			Total	22-23	425-455
6.	Minor/Honor/ (M/H#1)	EE2CC	3-X-X	4	70/85
	Vocational Training/				
7.	Professional Experience	EEV04/	0.0.10	E.	200 (20×10)
	(optional) (Mandatory for	EEP04	0-0-10	5	200 (20X10)
	Exit)				

Sr. No.	Optional Core	Code	Scheme L-T-P
1.	Electromagnetic Theory	EE231	3-1-0
2.	Numerical Methods and Applications to Electrical Engineering	EE232	3-1-2

Sr.	Flastives	Code	Scheme
No.	Electives		L-T-P
	B. Tech. II year	(EE2AA, EE2BB)	
	III Semeste	er (EE2AA)	
1.	Renewable Energy Sources	EE251	3-0-0
2.	Modern Material for Electrical Engineering	EE252	3-0-0
3.	Object oriented programming and Data	55252	3-0-0
	structure	EEZ55	
Λ	Principles and applications of	CV251	3-0-0
4.	electrochemistry	C1251	
	IV Semest	er (EE2BB)	
5.	Special Electrical Machines	EE254	3-0-0
6.	Digital Signal Processing	EE255	3-0-0
7.	Power Plant Engineering	EE256	3-0-0
8.	Energy Audit and Management	EE257	3-0-0

Sr.	for B.Tech. (CE, ME, ChE) students	Code	Scheme
No.	(Minor in Electrical Engineering)		L-T-P
1.	Electrical Circuits (IV semester)	EE281	3-1-0

Sr.	for B.Tech. (AI, CSE, ECE) students	Code	Scheme
No.	(Minor in Electrical Engineering)		L-T-P
1.	Electrical Machines (IV semester)	EE282	3-0-2

Sr. No.	B.Tech. in Electrical Engineering with Honours in Power Electronics & Electrical Drives	Code	Scheme L-T-P
1.	Modeling of Electrical Machines (IV semester)	EE291	3-1-0

Sr.	B.Tech. in Electrical Engineering with	Code	Scheme
No.	Honours in Power Systems		L-T-P
1.	Computer Methods for Power Systems (IV semester)	EE292	3-1-0

Sr.	B.Tech. in Electrical Engineering with	Code	Scheme
No.	Honours in Control and Automation		L-T-P
1.	State Variable Analysis (IV semester)	EE293	3-1-0

Note: Throughout this scheme structure, the notations L, T, P, C denote lecture, tutorial, practical and credit respectively for the related subject.

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	1	2	05

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	explain the construction and principle of operation of the transformers and induction
	motors.
CO2	perform tests on the transformers and induction motors
CO3	analyze the performance of the transformers and induction motors
C04	compare the performance of different types of transformers and induction motors
C05	select the machines for different real world applications
C06	communicate effectively through laboratory report writing, presentation and perform task
	as an efficient team member

2. Syllabus

TRANSFORMERS

Review of equivalent circuits and vector diagram, circuit parameter determination, per unit impedance, regulation, losses, efficiency, magnetic inrush and effect of saturation, parallel operation.

POLYPHASE TRANSFORMERS (09 Hours) Standard connections phase angle difference, harmonic analysis, open delta connection, Scott connections, three-phase to six-phase conversion, three winding transforms and parallel operation.

AUTO TRANSFORMERS

Construction, voltage and current ratios, phasor diagram and equivalent circuit.

TESTS ON TRANSFORMERS

OC- SC tests, Polarity test, Back to back Sumpner's test

THREE-PHASE INDUCTION MOTORS

Review of equivalent circuit and vector diagram, performance analysis, torque-speed characteristics, no load and blocked rotor tests, circle diagram.

STARTING, BRAKING AND SPEED CONTROL

Double cage motors, starting problems, methods of starting, speed control methods, cascade connections, cogging and crawling, regenerative braking, plugging, ac and dc dynamic (rheostatic) braking.

(06 Hours)

(**08 Hours**)

(07 Hours)

(03 Hours)

(04 Hours)

• INDUCTION GENERATORS AND REGULATOR

Principle of operation, performance analysis, application.

• SINGLE PHASE INDUCTION MOTORS

Principle of operation, revolving field theory, cross field theory, equivalent circuit and performance analysis, determination of circuit parameters by no- load and blocked rotor test, starting methods, unbalanced operation of three phase induction motor.

Total Hours: 45

Tutorials will be conducted separately for 15 hours

3. List Of Experiments

- 1. Determination of efficiency & regulation of single- phase transformer from Open circuit and short circuit test.
- 2. Determination of efficiency & regulation of single- phase transformer from Sumpner's test.
- 3. Scott connection of 1-phase transformers.
- 4. Open delta connection of three single-phase transformers.
- 5. Standard connections for three-phase transformer.
- 6. Load test on three-phase Induction Motor.
- 7. Load test on three-phase Induction Generator.
- 8. Determination of the equivalent circuit parameters from No-Load and Blocked rotor tests of three-phase Induction Motor.
- 9. Determination of the equivalent circuit parameters from No-Load and Blocked rotor tests of 1-phase Induction Motor.
- 10. Determination of the performance parameters of three-phase induction motor from circle diagram.
- 11. Induction regulator.
- 12. Unbalanced operation of three-phase Induction Motor.

4. Books Recommended:

- 1. I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, Electric Machines, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. M. G. Say, The performance and design of alternating current machines, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 1983.
- 3. Fitzgerald, Kingsley and Umans, Electric Machinery, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003
- 4. S. K. Sen, Electrical Machinery, Khanna Pub., Delhi, 2012.
- 5. Mukherjee and Chakravorty, Electrical Machines, Dhanpat Rai Pub., New Delhi, 2005.

(04 Hours)

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	classify various signals and their mathematical representation
CO2	develop insights into discrete-time systems and their realization
CO3	analyse the characteristics of LTI systems with the help of impulse response and convolution
CO4	design the system properties in frequency domain
CO5	analyse random signals and justify their usefulness in engineering systems

2. Syllabus:

• SIGNALS AND THEIR PROPERTIES

Classification of Signals, continuous-time and discrete-time signals, deterministic and random signals, periodic signals, even and odd signals, exponential and sinusoidal signals, unit step and unit impulse signals, systems with and without memory, time-varying, time-invariant, stationarity, causality, homogeneity, linearity, stability of systems.

• LINEAR TIME INVARIANT SYSTEMS

Properties of linear time-variant systems, continuous-time LTI systems, relationship between linear differential equations with constant coefficients, transfer function, state space models, convolution integrals from transfer function and state space models, discrete-time LTI systems, relationship between linear difference equations with constant coefficients, pulse transfer function, discrete-time state space models, convolution sum from transfer function and state space models, space models, convolution sum from transfer function and state space models, the space models of the space models of the space models.

• FOURIER SERIES REPRESENTATION AND FOURIER TRANSFORM (08 Hours) Fourier series representation of continuous-time periodic signals, Parseval formula for

continuous-time periodic signals, continuous time Fourier transform, discrete-time Fourier transforms, connection between the Fourier transform and Laplace transform, connection between the z-transform and discrete-time Fourier transform.

• THE LAPLACE TRANSFORMATION TECHNIQUE

Definition of the Laplace transformation, the need of the Laplace transformation, region of the convergence of the Laplace transform of signals, properties of the Laplace transform, the Laplace transforms of test signals and practically useful signals, unilateral Laplace transform and bilateral Laplace transforms.

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

• THE Z-TRANSFORMATION TECHNIQUE

Definition of the z- transformation, the need of the z- transformation, region of the convergence of the z- transform of signals, pulse transfer function, stability of systems using the z-transform. The z-transforms of test signals and practically useful signals, unilateral z transform and bilateral z transforms

• FEEDBACK CONCEPTS

Physical representation of network, general restrictions on physical network characteristics Feedback, mathematical definition of feedback, stability and feedback realizability, contour integration and Nyquist criterion for stability, physical representation of network, general restrictions on physical network characteristics

Total Hours: 45

Tutorials will be conducted separately for 15 hours

3. Books Recommended:

- 1. A. V. Oppenheim, A. S. Wilsky and S. H. Nawab, Signals and Systems, Pearson India Education Services Private limited India, 2nd Edition, 2016.
- 2. R. A. Gabel and R. A. Robert, Signals and Linear Systems, John Wiley and Sons, 3rd Edition, 1987.
- 3. B. P. Lathi, Principles of Linear Systems and Signals, Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2009.
- 4. C. T. Chen, Systems and Signal Analysis A Fresh Look, Oxford University Press India, 3rd Edition, 2004.
- 5. S. T. Alan, Introduction to Signals and Systems, Thomson India Edition, 1st Edition, 2007.

(06 Hours)

(09 Hours)

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	describe various theorems related to vector analysis and their application to determine Maxwell's equations
CO2	differentiate different types of coordinate systems and use them for solving the problems of electromagnetic field theory
CO3	explain concepts, theories and laws of electrostatics, magnetics, electromagnetics, electromagnetic wave propagation and transmission lines
CO4	analyze problems of electrostatics, magnetics, electromagnetics and electromagnetic wave propagation
CO5	apply theories and laws of electrostatics, magnetics and electromagnetics to solve electrical engineering problems
C06	deduce the electromagnetic wave propagation from Maxwell's equations and apply the wave propagation for transmission line

2. Syllabus

COORDINATE SYSTEMS AND VECTOR CALCULUS

(08 Hours) Scalar and Vector Fields, Review of basic vector operations, Overview of Coordinate systems (Rectangular, Cylindrical, Spherical and their transformations), curvilinear systems, Vector Calculus: Integral and Differential Vector Calculus (Gradient, Divergent, Curl, Laplacian, Divergence and Stokes Theorem).

ELECTROSTATICS

(12 Hours)

Coulomb's law, Electrical filed intensity, electric flux density, electric field due to point, line, sheet, spherical charge distributions, Gauss' law and its applications, Divergence and curl of electrostatic field, electric potential, potential due to point, line, spherical charge distributions, potential gradient, Electric dipole, Dipole moment, potential and electric field due to an electric dipole, Energy in electrostatic field, Electric fields in material space (properties of materials, convection and conduction current, polarization in dielectrics, continuity equation and relaxation time), boundary conditions, Poisson's and Laplace' equations, Uniqueness theorem, resistance, capacitance calculation.

MAGNETOSTATICS

Biot-Savart's law, magnetic flux density, magnetic field intensity, magnetic field due to straight wire, surface, solenoid, toroid carrying steady current Ampere's Law and its applications, Divergence and curl of Magnetic field, Comparison of magnetostatics and electrostatics,

(10 Hours)

Magnetic scalar and vector potentials, Lorentz force, inductance, self and mutual inductance of solenoid, toroidal and other simple configurations, conductors, magnetic materials, energy in magneto static fields, boundary conditions.

• MAXWELLS EQUATIONS FOR TIME VARYING FIELDS (06 Hours) Faraday's law, Lenz's law, transformer emf and motional emf, inconsistency of Ampere's law, displacement current, Maxwell's equations in Final forms (Time Varying and Time Harmonic Fields).

• ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVE AND TRANSMISSION LINES (06 Hours) Waves in General, Wave equations, wave propagation in lossy dielectrics, plane waves in free space, plane waves in good conductors, Power and Poynting theorem, Transmission line Parameters, Line equations, input impedance, standing wave ratio and power, some applications of Transmission lines.

Total Hours: 45

Tutorials will be conducted separately for 15 hours

- 1. William H. Hayt Jr., John A. Buck, and M Jaleel Akhtar, Engineering Electromagnetics, McGraw Hill, 2020, 9th Edition.
- 2. Matthew Sadiku and S.V. Kulkarni, Elements of Electromagnetics, Oxford University Press, 2015, 6th Edition.
- 3. Nathan Ida, Engineering Electromagnetics, Springer, 2021, 4th Edition.
- 4. David J. Griffiths, Introduction to Electrodynamics, 4th Edition, PHI, 2013.
- 5. S. P. Seth, Elements of Electromagnetic Fields, Dhanpat Rai & Co., 4th Edition, 2012.
- 6. Engineering Electromagnetics, C. L. Wadhwa, New Age International Publishers, 3rd Edition, 2012.
- 7. Electromagnetic Fields Theory, Rakesh Singh Kshetrimayum, Cengage Learning, First Impression, 2012.

B. Tech. II year, Semester III DIGITAL CIRCUITS	L	Т	Р	Credit
	3	0	2	04
EC209				Scheme

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand Boolean algebra, Postulates and theorems of binary logic, and logic gates.
CO2	Formulate combinational logic problems and solve using truth table and optimize using
	K-map and other equivalent techniques.
CO3	Design and analyse various sequential logic circuits using flip-flops
CO4	Explain the operation of counters, registers, and memory
CO5	Describe digital hardware using VHDL statements and simulate logic circuit
CO6	Realize circuits for ALU, Shifter, and Control unit architectures

2. Syllabus

BOOLEAN ALGEBRA AND SIMPLIFICATION

Basic Logic Operation and Logic Gates, Truth Table, Basic Postulates and Fundamental Theorems of Boolean Algebra, Standard Representations of Logic Functions- SOP and POS Forms, Simplification of Switching Functions-K-Map and Quine-Mccluskey Tabular Methods, Synthesis of Combinational Logic Circuits.

COMBINATIONAL LOGIC CIRCUITS

Binary Parallel Adder, BCD Adder, Encoder Priority Encoder, Decoder, Multiplexer and Demultiplexer Circuits, Implementation of Boolean Functions using Decoder and Multiplexer, Arithmetic and Logic Units, BCD-To-Segment Decoder, Common Anode and Common Cathode, Random Access Memory, Read Only Memory and Erasable Programmable ROMs, Programmable Logic Arrays(PLA) and Programmable Array Logic(PAL)

• LATCHES AND FLIP-FLOPS

Cross Coupled SR Flip-Flop Using NAND or NOR Gates, Clocked Flip-flops, D-Types and Toggle Flip-flops, Truth Tables and Excitation Tables for Flip-flop. Master Slave Configuration, Edge Triggered and Level Triggered Flip-flop, Flip-flop with Preset and Clear

• SEQUENTIAL LOGIC CIRCUIT

Introduction to State Machine, Mealy and Moore Model, State Machine Notation, State Diagram, State Table, Transition Table, Table Excitation, Table and Equation, Basic Concepts of Counters and Register, , Shift Left and Right Register, Registers with Parallel Load, Serial-in-Parallel-Out(SIPO) and Parallel-In-Serial-Out(PISO), Register Using Different Types of Flip-flop,

(06 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(**08 Hours**)

Binary Counters, BCD Counters, Up Down Counter, Johnson Counter, Module-N Counter, Design of Counter using State Diagrams and Tables, Sequence Generators.

- PROCESSOR LOGIC DESIGN (**08 Hours**) Arithmetic, Logic and Shift Micro-Operation, Arithmetic Shifts, Design of Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), Control Unit Organization - Hard-Wired.
- **INTRODUCTION TO VHDL** • (06 Hours) Introduction, Data Type, Operators and Operands, Signal Assignment Statements (Concurrent, Conditional and Selected), Structural Modeling, Process Statement and Behavioral Modeling, HDL code for Registers, Flip-flop, Multiplexer, Adder/Subtractors.

Total Hours: 45

3. List Of Experiments

(The following practicals are to be performed using discrete components)

- 1. Introduction to the variety of logic gates and digital ICs
- 2. Latches using NAND/ NOR Gate.
- 3. Flip-flops using NAND/ NOR Gate
- 4. Half-Adder/Half-subtractor Circuits using a serial Input.
- 5. Full-Adder/Full-subtractor Circuits using a serial Input.
- 6. Parity checker and parity generator circuit
- 7. 4-Bit Gray to Binary/ Binary to Gray Code converter using Select input.
- 8. Boolean function implementation using MUX
- 9. (a) Mod 5 ripple up counter using JK flip flops (b) Mod 5 ripple down counter using JK flip flops

(The following practicals are to be performed on a CPLD/FPGA kit using VHDL)

- 10. Adders: (a) 1-bit Full adder (b) 4-bit Ripple carry adder using structural modeling
- 11. 4x1 MUX implementation using concurrent signal assignment statements
- 12. D and JK Flip flops with synchronous reset.
- 13. 4-Bit Shift Left/Right Register.
- 14. 4-bit Ripple counter with Asynchronous Reset.

4. Books Recommended:

- 1. Mano Morris, "Digital Logic and Computer Design", Pearson Education, 2019 Edition.
- 2. Anand Kumar, "Fundamentals of Digital Circuits", 4th Ed., PHI, 2016.
- 3. Jain R. P. and Anand M. H. S., "Digital Electronics Practices using Integrated Circuits", 1st Ed., TMH, 2004.
- 4. Lee Samuel, "Digital Circuits and Logic Design", PHI Learning, 2009.
- 5. Floyed Thomas L. and Jain R. P., "Digital Fundamentals", 8th Ed., Pearson Education, 2006.

5. Reference Books:

1. Brown S. and ZvonkoVranesic, "Fundamental of Logic with Verilog Design", 1st Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.

L	Т	Р	Credit
3	0	0	03
			~ -

Scheme

EE251

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the limits of the conventional energy sources and present scenario of
	renewable energy conversion.
CO2	Explain the working principle of wind energy conversion and identify the suitable turbine
	and power electronic interfaces.
CO3	Acquire the knowledge of the solar thermal energy conversion and associated
	applications.
CO4	Explain the working principle of solar energy conversion, maximum power tracking
	algorithms and power electronics interface.
CO5	Understand the basic operation of the other renewable energy sources.

2. Syllabus

PRESENT WORLD AND INDIAN ENERGY SCENARIO

Conventional sources of energy, their availability and limitations, alternative sources of energy, their advantages and present status.

• WIND ENERGY

Introduction, types of wind turbines and their characteristics, wind data and energy estimation, site selection, basic components of wind electric conversion system, types of electrical machines suitable for wind energy conversion, maximum power extraction, power electronics interface for wind turbine.

• SOLAR THERMAL ENERGY

Introduction, Solar energy storage systems, thermal storage, sensible heat storage, latent heat storage, solar pond, non-conductive solar pond, Extraction of Thermal energy, Applications of Solar pond, solar thermal electric conversion.

• SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC ENERGY

Basics of p-n junction, p-n junction exposure to light, photovoltaic cell/module characteristics and effects of light intensity and temperature variations, maximum power point tracking algorithms, power electronics interface for solar photovoltaics, PV applications (domestic loads, battery storage, and irrigation), and different thin film PV technologies.

• **BIO ENERGY**

Introduction to biomass, Biomass conversion technologies, wet process and dry process, Biogas generation, classification of biogas plants, continuous & batch types, The dome and the drum

(10 Hours)

(04 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

types, Different variations in the drum type, Types of Biogas plants, Floating gas holder, Fixed dome digester, Biogas from plant wastes, Community biogas plants, Materials used for biogas generation, selection of site for biogas plant, Methods of maintaining Biogas generation, starting a biogas plant, Fuel properties of biogas, utilization of biogas, methods of obtaining energy from Biomass Combustion.

• OTHER SOURCES OF RENEWABLE ENERGY

(07 Hours)

Geothermal energy, classifications and prime movers used for geothermal energy, fuel cell technologies, different types of fuel cells, OTEC energy conversion.

Total Hours: 45

- 1. J. K. Nayak and S. P. Sukhatme, "Solar Energy Principles of thermal collection and storage", TMH, 2008.
- 2. J. Twidell and T. Weir, "Renewable Energy Resources", E & F N Spon Ltd, London, 1999.
- 3. Bent Sørensen, "Renewable Energy: physics, engineering, environmental impacts, economics & planning", 4th Edition, Academic Press, Gurgaon, 2011.
- 4. Chetan Singh Solanki, "Solar Photovoltaics: Fundamental, Technologies and Applications", 2nd Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Limited, New Delhi, 2011.
- 5. Gary L. Johnson, "Wind Energy Systems", Prentice Hall Inc., 1985.
- 6. Klouse Jägar, et al., "Solar Energy: Fundamental, Technology and Systems", Delft University of Technology, Netherlands, 2014.

B. Tech. II year, Semester III MODERN MATERIALS FOR ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	0	0	03

EE252

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Understand the properties of liquid, gaseous and solid insulating materials.
CO2	Appreciate properties of magnetic materials.
CO3	Explain semiconductor material technology.
CO4	Acquire knowledge on materials used in electrical engineering and applications.
CO5	Evaluate insulating, conducting and magnetic materials used in electrical machines.
CO6	Appreciate usefulness of special purpose materials.

2. Syllabus

DIELECTRIC MATERIALS

Dielectric as Electric Field Medium, leakage currents, dielectric loss, dielectric strength, breakdown voltage, breakdown in solid dielectrics, liquid dielectric, Electric conductivity in solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics, Properties of ferroelectric materials in static fields, Spontaneous polarization, Curie point, Anti-ferromagnetic materials, Piezoelectric and Pyroelectric materials.

MAGNETIC MATERIALS •

Classification of magnetic materials, spontaneous magnetization in ferromagnetic materials, magnetic anisotropy, magnetostriction, diamagnetism, magnetically soft and hard materials, special purpose materials, feebly magnetic materials, Ferrites, cast and cermet permanent magnets, ageing of magnets, factors effecting permeability and hysteresis.

SEMICONDUCTOR MATERIALS

Method of semiconductor material preparation, Purification and Doping, Introduction to process of Manufacturing Semiconductor Devices, Transistors, Integrated Circuits. Monolithic Diodes, Integrated Resistors and Integrated Capacitor.

MATERIALS FOR ELECTRICAL APPLICATIONS •

Materials used for resistors, rheostats, heaters, transmission line structures, stranded conductors, bimetals fuses, soft and hard solders, electric contact materials, electric carbon materials, thermocouple materials. Solid, liquid and gaseous insulating materials. Effect of moisture on insulation.

SPECIAL PURPOSE MATERIALS

Refractory Materials, Structural Materials, Radioactive Materials, Galvanization and Impregnation of materials, Processing of electronic materials, insulating varnishes and coolants, Properties and applications of mineral oils, Testing of Transformer oil as per ISI.

Total Hours: 45

(10 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(09 Hours)

- 1. Dekkar, A.J., "Electrical Engineering Materials, Reprint Edition", 2009, Prentice Hall Publications Co.
- 2. Kasap S.O., "Principle of Electronic Materials and Devices", Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 3. Indulkar C, ``Introduction to Electrical Engineering Materials'', 2004, S. Chand & Company Ltd-New Delhi.
- 4. S.P. Seth, P.V. Gupta, `` A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", Dhanpat Rai & Sons.
- 5. T.K. Basak, "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials", 2009, New Age Science Publications.

B. Tech. II year, Semester III **OBJECT ORIENTED PROGRAMMING AND DATA STRUCTURE**



EE253

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain the fundamentals of object-oriented programming
CO2	Classify various functions and variables used in object-oriented programming
CO3	Develop programs for implementing linear data structures
CO4	Asses various tree and graph traversing techniques
CO5	Compare various sorting techniques by using time and space complexity analysis

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION TO OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING AND (10 Hours) **OVERVIEW OF C++**

Basic concepts of object-oriented programming (OOP), Benefits and Applications of OOP. Classes and Objects, Defining and Accessing member functions and variables, Static variables and static functions, Friend function, Dynamic memory allocation, Constructors and Destructors, Overloading – Function and operator overloading

INHERITANCE & POLYMORPHISM (08 Hours) • Base Classes and Derived Classes, Public, Protected and Private Inheritance, Multilevel, Multiple, Hierarchical and Hybrid Inheritances, Constructors and Destructors in derived Classes, Virtual base classes and abstract classes. Pointers in C++, This pointer, Types of polymorphisms: static and run-time polymorphism and Virtual functions. LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES (10 Hours) •

Introduction to data structures, Arrays, Linked Lists - Singly linked, doubly linked lists. Implementation of Stack and Queue by using Arrays and linked lists. Analysis of Algorithms, Big – O Notation.

NON-LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES

Trees, Binary Trees, Binary tree representation and traversals, Application of trees, Graph and its representations - Graph Traversals - Representation of Graphs, Breadth-first search, Depthfirst search. (09 Hours)

SORTING AND SEARCHING

Sorting algorithms: Bubble, Insertion, Selection, Quick and Merge sorts Searching: Linear search –Binary Search

Total Hours: 45

(08 Hours)

- 1. Bjarne Stroustrup, C++ Programming Language, Fourth Edition, Addison-Wiley Publications.
- 2. Ulla Kirch-Prinz, Peter Prinz, A Complete Guide to Programming in C++, 1st Edition, Jones And Bartlett Publishers
- 3. E Balaguruswamy, "Object Oriented Programming with C++", 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill publication
- 4. Trembley & Sorenson: "An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications", 2/E, TMH, 1991.
- 5. Tanenbaum & Augenstein: "Data Structures using C and C++", 2/E, Pearson, 2007

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	0	0	03

Scheme

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Acquire knowledge about basic concepts of electrochemistry in the elementary level such as			
	different type of cells, laws of electrolysis, theory of conduction of electricity in solution, etc.			
CO2	Understand about electrochemical kinetics and mechanism			
CO3	Develop understanding about electrochemical techniques involved in the area of energy			
	conversion and storage			
CO4	Differentiate between electrochemical devices			
CO5	Accumulate a deep knowledge about electrochemistry concepts applicable in			
	multidisciplinary areas.			

2. <u>Syllabus</u>

FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTROCHEMISTRY •

Electrochemical cells; Characteristics of electrochemical cells; Importance of electrochemical systems; Scientific units, Constants, Cell conventions; Faraday's law; Faradic efficiencies; Electrochemical cells, Electrochemical series; Electrode types (SHE, Glass, Calomel etc.); Equilibrium cell potentials; Reversibility and Gibb's free energy; Free Energy and Standard cell potentials; Effect of temperature on standard cell potentials; Activity coefficients; EMF and concentration; The Nernst equation; Liquid junction potentials.

ELECTROCHEMICAL KINETICS AND CATALYSIS (06 Hours) • Electrochemical double layer; Dynamic equilibrium; Rate equation; Arrhenius equation and activation energy; Exchange current density; Interfacial potential; Butler-Volmer equation; Current -overpotential characteristics; Tafel equation.

- **ELECTRODE STRUCTURE AND CONFIGURATIONS** (06 Hours) • Structure and characterization of porous electrodes; Electrode material type: silicon, carbon based, transition metal, rare earth metals based etc.; Gas-liquid interface in porous electrode; Three-phase electrodes.
- **ELECTROCHEMICAL METHODS** (06 Hours) Types of techniques; Detection; current-potential characteristics; A planar microelectrode; Cyclic voltammetry; Electrochemical Impedance; Rotating Disc electrode.

ENERGY HARVESTING APPLICATIONS OF (14 Hours) ELECTROCHEMISTRY

Batteries: Fundamentals, classification and components of a cell; Cell characteristics and electrochemical performance; Efficiency of cell; Supercapacitors: Introduction, types, advantages and applications; Solar cells: Principle, Construction, working and

(07 Hours)

application of solar cells, crystalline silicon-based and thin-film solar cells: silicon based solar cells, Cadmium telluride solar cells, Dye sensitized solar cells, Copperindium-gallium-selenide (CIGS) solar cells. Introduction and types of fuel cells; EMF of fuel cell; Current-voltage characteristics and overpotentials, direct alcohol fuel cells; molten carbonate fuel cells; solid oxide fuel cells; proton exchange membrane fuel cell (PEMFC).

• INDUSTRIAL SIGNIFICANCE OF ELECTROCHEMISTRY (06 Hours) Electrochemical Corrosion; Electrodeposition; Industrial electrolysis; Redox-flow batteries.

Total Hours: 45

3. **Books Recommended:**

- 1. S. Glasstone, An Introduction to Electrochemistry, Maurice Press, 2011.
- 2. Thomas F. Fuller, John N. Harb., "Electrochemical Engineering" Wiley, 2018.
- 3. Corrosion Engineering: Principles and Practices, Pierre R. Roberge, McGraw Hill, 2008.Corrosion, Vol. I, Edited by L. L. Shreir
- 4. Allen J. Bard, Larry R. Faulkner., "Electrochemical Methods-Fundamentals and Applications" John Wiley & Sons.
- 5. Thomas Engel and Philip Reid, Physical Chemistry, Pearson Publication 2006.

4. For further reading:

- 1. The Elements of Physical Chemistry', P.W. Atkins & Julio de Paula, 8th edition, Oxford University Press, Oxford 2006.
- 2. P. C. Rakshit, Physical Chemistry, 7th Edition, Sarat Book Distributors, Kolkata, 2004.

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	1	2	05

Scheme

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	explain the construction and principle of operation of the DC machines and synchronous machines
CO2	perform tests on the DC machines and synchronous machines
CO3	analyze the performance of the DC machines and synchronous machines
CO4	compare the performance of different types of DC machines and synchronous machines
CO5	select the machines for different real world applications
CO6	communicate effectively through laboratory report writing, presentation and perform task as an
	efficient team member

2. Syllabus

•	STARTING, SPEED CONTROL AND BRAKING OF DC MACHINES (07 Hours)
	Starting problems, methods of starting, starters, methods of speed control, methods of braking.
•	DIRECT CURRENT MACHINES (10 Hours)
	Construction, armature windings, simple lap and wave windings, armature reaction,
	demagnetizing and cross magnetizing ampere-turns, compensating winding, commutation,
	commutation time and type, reactance voltage, inter-poles, ampere-turns for inter-poles, self and
	separate excitations, shunt, series and compound motors and generators, magnetization
	characteristics, performance characteristics of DC generators and motors.
•	STARTING, SPEED CONTROL AND BRAKING OF DC MACHINES (05 Hours)
	Swinburne's test, Hopkinson's test, separation of core losses, retardation test, series field test.
•	BRUSHLESS D.C.MACHINE (04 Hours)
	Construction, equivalent circuit, performance analysis.
•	SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES
	Construction, cylindrical and salient pole type, basic principles, armature (04 Hours)
	windings, distributed winding, full pitched windings, chording, EMF equation,
	distribution and pitch factors, excitation system
	armature reaction, synchronous machine impedance, SCR, equivalent circuit, (05 Hours)
	phasor diagram, voltage regulations, synchronous impedance method, MMF
	method, ZPF method, operating characteristics
	v and inverted v curves, power angle characteristics, power flow equation for (05 Hours)
	machine two reaction model phasor diagram
	nower angle characteristic hunting damper winding parallel operation of (05 Hours)
	alternators starting methods of synchronous motors synchronous condenser
	synduction machines
	Total Hourse 12

Tutorials will be conducted separately for 15 hours

3. List Of Experiments

- 1. Speed control of dc shunt motor.
- 2. Swinburne's test
- 3. Speed torque characteristic of a D. C. Shunt motor.
- 4. D. C. Series motor, Speed -torque characteristic.
- 5. External & Internal characteristics of D. C. separately excited and Shunt generator.
- 6. Regulation of an alternator by synchronous impedance method
- 7. 'V' and 'inverted V' curves of a synchronous motor.
- 8. Regulation of an alternator by zero power factor method
- 9. Regulation of an alternator by MMF method.
- 10. Synchronization of an alternator with infinite bus bar.
- 11. Power factor improvement using synchronous motor.
- 12. Hopkinson's Test on DC machines.
- 13. Retardation Test on DC Shunt motor.
- 14. Separation of core losses of DC machines.

- 1. Nagrath and Kothari, "Electric Machines", TMH, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. M. G. Say, The performance and design of alternating current machines, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, 1983.
- 3. A. E. Clayton and N. M. Hancock, The Performance and Design of Direct Current Machines, CBS Publishers, 2004.
- 4. P. K. Mukherjee and S. Chakravorty, Electrical Machines, Dhanpat Rai Pub., New Delhi, 2005.
- 5. Fitzgerald, Kingsley and Umans, Electric Machinery, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.

B. Tech. II year, Semester IV ELEMENTS OF POWER SYSTEMS

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	1	2	05

EE204

Scheme

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	classify and analyze the electrical power transmission and distribution.
CO2	compute the cost of power generation and the cost of electricity.
CO3	design the transmission line and analyze the performance of transmission lines.
CO4	analyze the performance of the underground cable.
CO5	Simulate/model the power system components in MATLAB/ETAP platforms and analyze the
	numerical results.

2. Syllabus

SUPPLY SYSTEMS

AC and DC power supply systems, comparison of ac and dc transmission, advantages of high transmission voltage, various systems of power supply, comparison of conductor materials in overhead system and underground cable system, economic choice of conductor size and economic choice of voltage.

D.C. AND A. C. DISTRIBUTION •

Types of dc distributors, dc distribution calculations, ac distributor, fed at one and fed at both the ends with concentrated loads and uniformly distributed loads, ring distributors with inter connectors, current distribution in three wire and four wire ac systems, overview of distribution automation.

ECONOMIC ASPECTS OF POWER SYSTEM

Power factor improvement, Tariff structure, ABT, Economic aspects of power generation.

UNDERGROUND CABLES

Underground cables, construction of cables, classification of cables, cables for three phase services, insulation resistance of a single core cable, capacitance of a single core cable, dielectric stresses in a single core cable, most economical conductor size in a cable, grading of cables, capacitance grading and inter-sheath grading, capacitance of three core cable and measurements of capacitances, dielectric loss and $tan(\delta)$ measurement.

CALCULATION OF LINE PARAMETERS

Conductors, types of conductors in use, bundled conductor, spacing of conductors, symmetrical and unsymmetrical spacing, equivalent spacing, transposition, transmission

(06 Hours)

(05 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(04 Hours)

line constants, calculation of resistance, inductance and capacitance for simple arrangements and multi-circuit lines, symmetrical and unsymmetrical spacing, concept of self GMD, mutual GMD and their uses in calculations of parameters of overhead lines, skin and proximity effects.

• CHARACTERISTICS AND PERFORMANCE OF POWER (12 Hours) TRANSMISSION LINES

Short and medium transmission lines, Line performance, effect of capacitance, charging currents, short and medium lines, calculation by nominal-T, nominal- π and end-condenser method, regulation and efficiency, Concept of ABCD constants, the long transmission line- rigorous solution, evaluation of ABCD constants, interpretation of long line equation, surge impedance and surge impedance loading, the equivalent circuit of a long transmission line, power flow through a transmission line, circle diagrams, Ferranti effect. Reactive power compensation, transmission line transients, concept of travelling waves, reflection and refraction coefficients.

Total Hours: 45

Tutorials will be conducted separately for 15 hours

3. List of Experiments

The experiments are based on the MATLAB/ETAP simulations of power system components and hardware experiments and a substation/power plant visit.

- 1. Demonstration visit of 66 kV/22 kV SVNIT sub-station.
- 2. Study of single line diagram of Power System.
- 3. Power factor improvement of load.
- 4. Performance calculation of short and medium transmission lines.
- 5. Performance calculation of long transmission lines.
- 6. String efficiency calculation of suspension type insulator.

- 1. W. D. Stevenson, Element of Power System Analysis, McGraw Hill, 4th Edition 1982.
- 2. I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, Power System Engineering, 4th edition, Tata McGraw Hill publishing Company Ltd, 2014.
- 3. A. Chakrabarti, M. L. Soni, P. V. Gupta and U. S. Bhatnagar, A Text Book on Power System Engineering, Dhanpat Rai & Co., 2nd Edition 2001.
- 4. Hadi Saadat, Power System Analysis. 5th reprint, TMH publishing Company Ltd, 2004.
- 5. Arthur R. Bergen, Vijay Vittal, Power Systems Analysis, Prentice-Hall, Inc., 2nd Edition 2000.

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	1	2	05

Scheme

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	understand the need of numerical methods, learn various system of representation of numbers.
CO2	compare the accuracy, convergence rate and computational complexity of various numerical
	methods.
CO3	solve algebraic and differential equations using numerical methods apply to Electrical
	Engineering problems.
CO4	model various electrical systems to interpolate, predict and perform regression analysis.
CO5	implement the algorithms through software like on C/C++/MATLAB.

2. Syllabus

ERRORS IN NUMERICAL COMPUTATION AND THEIR ESTIMATION (04 Hours) Introduction, Taylor Theorem Revisit, Measuring Errors, Sources of Error, Binary Representation, Floating Point Representation, Propagation of Errors. Application: errors in electrical measurements and instrumentation

SOLUTION OF TRANSCENDENTAL AND POLYNOMIAL (06 Hours) • Bisection method, Secant Method, False position method, Newton Raphson method for Polynomial and transcendental equations, Generalized Newton's method system of nonlinear equations, rate of convergence, conditions for convergence

NUMERICAL INTEGRATION •

Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's 1/3 and 3/8 rules and Errors Applications: average, RMS quantity determination of electrical measuring quantities, load demand calculations.

SOLUTION TO SYSTEM OF LINEAR ALGEBRAIC EQUATIONS (08 Hours) •

Gauss elimination method, Gauss Jordon Method, LU decomposition, Jacobi and Gauss Seidel Iteration methods, conditions for convergence, ill/well-conditioned systems.

Applications: solution to mesh and nodal analysis of electrical networks, solution to power load flow, operation of different electrical applications

INTERPOLATION AND REGRESSION

Direct method of interpolation, Linear interpolation and higher order interpolation using Lagrange's and Newton's forward, backward and divided difference formulae, linear, quadratic, exponential and logarithmic regression, adequacy of regression models.

(03 Hours)

(12 Hours)

Applications: prediction of the performance of electrical motors and generators from their practical data, application to load forecasting and generation scheduling, prediction of solar intensity and wind velocity.

• EQUATIONS SOLUTION TO ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL (09 Hours) EQUATIONS

Euler's Method, Modified Euler's Method, Runge-Kutta methods: II and IV order, higher order/coupled differential equations.

Applications: DC and AC transients of electrical networks, solution for generator oscillations

Total Hours: 45

Tutorials will be conducted separately for 15 hours

3. List Of Experiments

The programmes are to be executed in C++/MATLAB

- 1. To find the roots of the polynomial using bisection, false position, Newton-Raphson, secant methods
- 2. To find the solution of set of nonlinear equations using Newton-Raphson method
- 3. To find the numerical integration suing trapezoidal, Simpson's 1/3 and Simpson's 3/8 method
- 4. To find the interpolating polynomial using Linear, Lagrangian, Newton's forward, backward and divided difference methods
- 5. To find the solution to set of linear simultaneous equations using Gauss elimination, Gauss-Jordan, Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel methods
- 6. To find the solution to ordinary differential equations using Euler's, modified Euler's, Runge-Kutta 2nd order and 4th order methods
- 7. To regress a given set of data using polynomial, exponential and logarithmic regression formulae

- 1. S. S. Shastri, Introductory Methods of Numerical Analysis, Prentice Hall Ltd., 4th Edition, 2005.
- 2. M. K. Jain, M. K. Iyengar and S.R.K., Jain, Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation, 4th Edition, 2003, New Age international Publishers, Pvt. Ltd.
- 3. S. A. Teukolsky W. T. Vetterling, W. H. Press and B. P. Flannery, Numerical recipes in 'C', 2nd Edition, Foundation Books Pvt. Ltd., 2001.
- 4. R. S. Salaria, Numerical methods: A computer-oriented approach, BPB Publications, 1996.
- 5. S. D. Conte and Carl de Boor, Elementary Numerical Analysis- An Algorithmic Approach, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill, 1980.

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	1	0	04

MG210

Scheme

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Develop knowledge regarding Professional ethics
CO2	Develop knowledge of Economics in engineering
CO3	Develop managerial skills to become future engineering managers
CO4	Develop skills related to various functional areas of management (Marketing Management,
	Financial Management, Operations Management, Personnel Management etc.)
CO5	Build knowledge about modern management concepts
CO6	Develop experiential learning through Assignments, Management games, Case study
	discussion, Group discussion, Group presentations etc.

2. Syllabus

• **PROFESSIONAL ETHICS**

Introduction, Meaning of Ethics, Approaches to Ethics, Major attributes of Ethics, Business Ethics, Factors influencing Ethics, Importance of Ethics, Ethics in Management, Organizational Ethics, Ethical aspects in Marketing, Mass communication and Ethics - Television, Whistle blowing, Education – Ethics and New Professional, Intellectual Properties and Ethics, Introduction to Professional Ethics, Engineering Ethics

• ECONOMICS

Introduction To Economics, Applications & Scopes of Economics, Micro & Macro Economics, Demand Analysis, Demand Forecasting, Factors of Production, Types of Cost, Market Structures, Break Even Analysis

• MANAGEMENT

Introduction to Management, Features of Management, Nature of Management, Development of Management Thoughts – Scientific Management by Taylor & Contribution of Henry Fayol, Coordination & Functions Of Management, Centralization & Decentralization, Decision Making; Fundamentals of Planning; Objectives & MBO; Types of Business Organizations: Private Sector, Public Sector & Joint Sector; Organizational Behaviour: Theories of Motivation, Theories of Leadership

• FUNCTIONAL MANAGEMENT

Marketing Management: Core Concepts of Marketing, Marketing Mix (4p), Segmentation – Targeting – Positioning, Marketing Research, Marketing Information System, Concept of International Marketing, Difference Between Domestic Marketing & International Marketing; Operations Management: Introduction to Operations Management, Types of Operation Systems, Types of Layouts, Material Handling,

(15 Hours)

(14 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(06 Hours)

Purchasing & Store System, Inventory Management; Personnel Management: Roles & Functions of Personnel Manager, Recruitment, Selection, Training; Financial Management: Goal of Financial Management, Key Activities In Financial Management, Organization of Financial Management, Financial Institutions, Financial Instruments, Sources of Finance

• MODERN MANAGEMENT ASPECTS (02 Hours) Introduction To ERP, e – CRM, SCM, RE – Engineering, WTO, IPR Etc.

Total Hours: 45

Tutorials will be conducted separately for 15 hours

3. <u>Tutorials</u>

- 1. Case Study Discussion
- 2. Group Discussion
- 3. Management games
- 4. Assignments / Mini projects & presentation on related Topics

4. <u>Books Recommended:</u>

- 1. Balachandran V. and Chandrasekaran, Corporate Governance, Ethics and Social Responsibility, PHI, 2nd Edition, 2011
- 2. Prasad L.M., Principles & Practice of Management, Sultan Chand & Sons, 8th Edition,2015
- 3. Banga T. R. & Sharma S.C., Industrial Organisation & Engineering Economics, Khanna Publishers, 25th Edition, 2015
- 4. Everett E. Adam, Ronald J. Ebert, Production and Operations Management, Prentice Hall of India, 5th edition, 2012
- 5. Kotler P., Keller K. L, Koshi A.& Jha M., Marketing Management A South Asian Perspective, Pearson, 14th Edition, 2014
- Tripathi P.C., Personnel Management & Industrial Relations, Sultan Chand & sons, 21st Edition, 2013
- 7. Chandra P., Financial Management, Tata McGraw Hill, 9th Edition, 2015

5. Additional Reference Books / Further Reading:

- 1. Crane A. & Matten D., Business Ethics: Managing Corporate Citizenship and Sustainability in the Age of Globalisation, Oxford University, 2010
- 2. Fritzsche D. J., Business Ethics: a Global and Managerial Perspectives, McGraw Hill Irwin, Singapore, 2004
- 3. Mandal S. K., Ethics in Business and Corporate Governance, Tata McGraw Hill, 2011

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	0	0	03

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	list different types of special electrical machines
CO2	describe the basic principles of special Electrical machines
CO3	compare the performance of various special electric machines
CO4	analyze the steady state performance of special Electrical machines
CO5	identify the special constructional and operating features of special electrical machines
CO6	select appropriate special electric machine for given application

2. Syllabus

•	SERVO MOTORS	(05 Ho	urs)
	Symmetrical components applied to two - phase servo motors - equivalent	circuit	and
	performance based on symmetrical components - servo motor torque - speed curves	•	
٠	VARIABLE RELUCTANCE MOTORS	(08 Ho	urs)
	Construction of VRM, Concepts of co-energy and expression of torque, inductance,	current	and
	torque calculation and waveforms, Drive circuit for VRM.		
•	STEPPER MOTORS	(07 Ho	urs)
	Construction features, half stepping and the required switching sequence, stepper m staticand dynamic characteristics, application and selection of stepper motor.	otor rati	ngs,
•	RELUCTANCE MOTORS	(03 Ho	urs)
	Construction - poly-phase and split phase reluctance motors - capacitor type relucta	nce mot	ors.
•	HYSTERISIS MOTORS	(03 Ho	urs)
	Construction – poly-phase: capacitor type and shaded pole hysteresis motors.		
•	UNIVERSAL MOTORS	(03 Ho	urs)
	Essential parts of universal motor, performance characteristics and application.		
•	LINEAR MACHINES	(08 Ho	urs)
	Basic difference between LEMS and rotating - machine - classification of LEMS, li	near mo	otors
	and levitation machines - linear induction motors - linear synchronous motors - DC l - linearlevitation machines.	inear mo	otors
٠	PMDC MOTORS	(02 Ho	urs)
	Construction, principle of operation, performance analysis.		
٠	BRUSHLESS DC MOTORS	(06 Ho	urs)
	Construction, principle of operation, phasor diagram, characteristics, performance and	nalysis.	
	Total	Hours:	45

- 1. V. D. Toro, Electric machines and power systems, Prentice Hall of India, 1985.
- 2. Veinott, Fractional horse power electric motors, McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 1987.
- 3. S. A. Nasar, Boldeal, Linear Motion Electric machine, John Wiley, 1976.
- 4. V. V. Athani, Stepper Motors, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., 1997.
- 5. I. J. Nagrath and D. P. Kothari, Electric Machines, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 4th Edition, 2010.

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	0	0	03

Scheme

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	classify the discrete time signals, systems
CO2	design optimum structures for realizing IIR and FIR systems
CO3	apply signal processing techniques to real situation problems
CO4	design and implement different types of FIR/IIR filters
CO5	develop various DSP FFT algorithms through software like MATLAB

2. Syllabus

INTRODUCTION

Review of continuous-time signals and systems, convolution of continuous-time signals, Laplace transform, the Fourier series and Fourier transform.

(08 Hours) **DISCRETE-TIME SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS** Sequences, discrete-time systems, linear time-invariant systems, convolution representation of linear time-invariant discrete-time systems, convolution of discrete-time signals, linear difference equations with constant coefficients, realizations, frequency-domain representation of discretetime signals and systems.

SAMPLING OF CONTINUOUS-TIME SIGNALS •

Periodic sampling, frequency-domain representation of sampling, reconstruction of a bandlimited signal, discrete-time processing of continuous-time signals, continuous-time processing of discrete-time signals, changing the sampling rate using discrete-time processing.

THE Z-TRANSFORM •

The Z-transform, properties of the Z-transform, transfer function representation, Inverse Ztransform, Z-transform applied to difference equations, the complex convolution theorem, stability of discrete-time systems, frequency response of discrete-time systems.

THE DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM •

Discrete-time Fourier transform (DTFT), the discrete Fourier series, the Fourier transform of periodic signals, discrete Fourier transform (DFT), properties of the DFT, system analysis via the DTFT and DFT, circular convolution, linear convolution using the DFT. The Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) Algorithms: Decimation in time FFT, introduction to radix-2 FFTs, some properties of radix-2 decimation in time FFT, decimation in frequency algorithm, computing the inverse DFT by doing a direct DFT.

(08 Hours)

(07 Hours)

(09 Hours)

(04 Hours)

• INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL FILTERS

Recursive digital filters-infinite impulse response (IIR) Filters: Analog approximations, impulse invariant method, bilinear transformation method, matched Z-transform method, realizations, non-recursive digital filters – finite impulse response (FIR).

Total Hours: 45

3. Books Recommended:

- 1. Sanjit K. Mitra, Digital Signal Processing: a computer based approach, McGraw-Hill Education, 2010, ISBN-13: 978-0077366766.
- 2. A. V. Oppenheim, R W Schafer, J. R. Buck, Discrete-Time Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 1998.
- 3. John G Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolikis, Digital Signal Processing, Principles, Algorithms and Applications, Prentice Hall, Inc. New Jersey, 1996

(09 Hours)

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	0	0	03

Scheme

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	understand the economics of power generation
CO2	explain the basics of various components of the power station
CO3	describe the working of steam and hydro power stations
CO4	describe the working of nuclear, diesel and gas power stations.
CO5	explain the working of the power stations based on non-conventional resources.
CO6	design the controllers for various power stations.

2. Syllabus

STEAM POWER STATION

Main flow circuits of thermal power station, thermodynamic cycles of steam flow, general layout of power stations, power station auxiliaries, cooling system of alternators, flue-gas flow arrangement, circulating water system, cooling tower.

HYDROELECTRIC POWER PLANT •

Selection of site, water power equations, types of dams, arrangement and layouts of hydro-electric station, classification of plants, water turbines, properties of water wheels, specific speed on the basis of discharge, combined steam and hydro-plants, pumped storage hydro station.

- **NUCLEAR POWER STATION** (08 Hours) Atomic structure, isotopes, energy release by fission, chain reaction, atomic reactor, fuels, moderators and coolants, types of reactors, fast breeder reactor, radio activity and hazards.
- **DIESEL AND GASTURBINE STATION** • Field of use, general layout and principle of operation.
- NON-CONVENTIONAL METHOD OF POWER GENERATION (06 Hours) • MHD generation, wind power, tidal power, solar power, solar cell and fuel cell.
- COMBINATIONS OF DIFFERENT TYPES OF POWER PLANTS (10 Hours) Types of power station, advantages of combined working of different types of power station, need for coordination of different types of power station, run-off river plant in combination with steam plant, hydro- electric plants with ample storage in combination with steam plants, pumped storage plant in combination with ordinary hydro-electric plant, co-ordination of hydro-electric and gas turbine plant, co-ordination of hydro-electric and nuclear power station, co-ordination of different types of power plants in power station.

(05 Hours)

(06 Hours)

(06 Hours)

• POWER STATION CONTROL

(04 Hours)

Excitation systems, excitation control, field protection, commissioning of alternators, power supply for station auxiliaries, power station control.

Total Hours: 45

- 1. Nag, P. K. (2008). Power plant engineering. New Delhi, India: Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 2. Arogya swamy, Power Station Practice, Oxford & IBM Publication Co., New Delhi, 1976.
- 3. Baptidanov L., Power Station & Substation, Moscow Peace Publication.
- 4. Leznov S. & Taits, Power Station & Substation Maintenance, Moscow Mir Publication, 1983.
- 5. Leznov S. & Taits, Power Station Electrification, Moscow Mir Publication, 1983.
- 6. Bruce, John, London, Power Station Efficiency Control, Sir Issac Pitman & Sons Ltd., 1926.

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	0	0	03

Scheme

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	recognize the significance of energy management and its role in industries
CO2	analysis of Energy conservation and needs of energy audit and management.
CO3	evaluate the energy economics.
CO4	plan and design energy efficient systems
CO5	estimate the economy and judge the environmental concerns.

2. Syllabus

ENERGY MANAGEMENT

Energy Scenario – Energy Demand and Ecological Balance – Resource availability and management, Strategies, Tools available, Energy Monitoring and Targeting, Energy Norms, Energy Policy, Demand Side Management–Role of Energy Managers in Industries - maximizing system efficiencies, Optimizing input energy requirements - Principles and Imperatives of Energy Conservation - Energy Consumption pattern, Energy Conservation acts, Energy Conservation Implementation Programme (ECIP), Energy Audit concepts, needs, energy management (audit) approach, energy audit instruments, Energy action planning and Project management.

ELECTRICAL ENERGY AUDITING •

Potential areas of Electrical Energy Conservation in various industries-Energy Management opportunities in Cable selection, Electricity Act, Electric Heating and Lighting systems –Six basic rules of Energy, Efficient Lighting, Energy losses in electric motors and drives, Energy Efficient Motors and Drives, Soft starters with energy saver, Power factor improvement, Energy conservation in domestic gadgets and transport, DG system- factors affecting selection & performance.

ENERGY ECONOMICS

Economic analysis of investments, Present value criterion, Discount rate, simple payback period, return on investment, net present value(NPV), internal rate of return, life cycle costing, energy performance contracts and role of ESCOs, Energy Management Information Systems.

ECONOMICS OF POWER GENERATION (10 Hours) Factors affecting the cost of generation – Load factor, Diversity factor, Plant capacity factor, Plant use factor, Load curves, Load duration curves, Reduction of costs by Interconnection of Stations, Choice of size & number of generator units, Tariffs :

types and significance.

(11 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(12 Hours)

Total Hours: 45

- 1. Albert Thumann, Handbook of Energy Engineering, The Fairmont Press Inc., 6th Edition, 2003.
- 2. Wayne C. Turner, Energy management Handbook, John Wiley and sons, 9th Edition, 2019.
- 3. Prasanna Chandra, Financial management, Tata McGraw Hill, 10th Edition, 2019.
- 4. S. Choudhury, Projects: Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation and Review, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, 1995.
- 5. Cleaner Production, Energy Efficiency Manual for GERIAP, UNEP, prepared by National Productivity Council, Bangkock.

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	1	0	04

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	able to apply various techniques like mesh and nodal analysis and network theorems for circuit problems
CO2	explain the principles of magnetic circuits and solve the series and parallel ac circuits
CO3	analyze poly-phase circuits
CO4	calculate various parameters of two port network and inter relationship between them.
CO5	develop a mathematical model (differential equations) of a given electric circuit and solve it

2. Syllabus

EE281

ELECTRICAL NETWORKS ANALYSIS •

Kirchhoff's Voltage Law, Kirchhoff's Current Law, independent and dependent sources, Mesh current and Nodal Voltage analysis, Super position theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Maximum power transfer theorem

MAGNETISM AND ANALYSIS OF AC CIRCUITS (12 Hours) • Faradays law, Lenz law, self-inductance, mutual inductance, coefficient of mutual inductance, coefficient of coupling, inductance in series, parallel, series-parallel, Analysis of coupled coils, dot rule, conductively coupled equivalent circuit. Complex algebra and its application to circuit analysis, R-L, R-C, R-L-C series and parallel circuits, series and parallel resonance.

POLYPHASE CIRCUITS •

Balanced three phase systems, star and mesh connections, calculations for balanced and unbalanced three phase networks, poly-phase vector diagram, and measurement of power in three phase circuits.

TWO PORT NETWORKS

Introduction two port networks, Impedance Parameters, Admittance Parameters, Hybrid Parameters, inverse hybrid parameters, Transmission Parameters, Relationships Between Parameters, Interconnection of Networks

AC AND DC TRANSIENTS •

Transient response of R-L, R-C and R-L-C circuits, complete response of RL, RC and RLC circuits to step, sinusoidal, exponential, ramp, impulse and the combinations of these excitations. Total Hours: 45

Tutorials will be based on the coverage of the topics given in the detailed syllabus separately for 15 hours

(08 Hours)

(07 Hours)

(10 Hours)

(08 Hours)

- 1. W. H. Hayt, J. E. Kemmerly, and Durbin S. M., Engineering Circuit Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill, 6th Edition, 2006.
- 2. M.E. Van Valkenburg, Network Analysis, Prentice Hall, India, 3rd Edition, 2002.
- 3. A. Chakrabarti, Circuit Theory, Dhanpat Rai & Co., 6th Edition, 2012.
- 4. A. Edminister Joseph, Electrical circuits, Schaum's outline series, McGraw hill, 2nd Edition, 1983.
- 5. Charles K. Alaxander and Matthew N.O. Sadiku, Fundamentals of electric circuits, Tata McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2013.

L	Τ	Р	Credit
3	0	2	04
~ -			

Scheme

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	Explain the construction and principle of operation of the DC motors, transformers, induction motors,		
	Synchronous generator and Fractional horse power motors.		
CO2	Perform tests on the DC motors, transformers, induction motors and Synchronous generator.		
CO3	Compute performance parameters of the DC motors, transformers, induction motors and Synchronous		
	generator.		
CO4	Analyze the performance of the DC motors, transformers, induction motors and Synchronous		
	generator.		
CO5	Select the machines for different real world applications		
CO6	Communicate effectively through laboratory report writing, presentation and perform task as an		
	efficient team member		

2. Syllabus

DC MOTORS

Construction and working principle, EMF equation, Torque equation, Classification of DC motors and their characteristics, Speed control, Braking, Applications.

Transformers

Construction and working principle, Equivalent circuit, Open circuit and Short Circuit tests, Regulation and efficiency, Autotransformers, Different connections of three phase transformers.

- **THREE-PHASE INDUCTION MOTOR** (09 Hours) • Construction and working principle, Equivalent Circuit, No load and Blocked rotor tests, Torque equation, Torque-slip characteristics, Speed control, Industrial applications.
- SYNCHRONOUS GENERATOR . Construction, Principle of operation and types, Various types of excitation systems, Equivalent

circuit, Determination of voltage regulation by synchronous impedance method. FRACTIONAL HORSE POWER MOTORS (10 Hours) . Single phase induction motors - Construction and principle of operation, Classification based on method, Applications in home appliances. Construction and application of Stepper starting motors, Servomotors and Universal motors.

Total Hours: 45

(08 Hours)

(08 Hours)

(10 Hours)

3. List Of Experiments

- 1. Determination of efficiency & regulation of single- phase transformer from Open circuit and short circuit test
- 2. Load test on single phase transformer
- 3. Determination of the equivalent circuit parameters from No-Load and Blocked rotor tests of threephase Induction Motor.
- 4. Load test on three-phase Induction Motor.
- 5. Speed control of dc shunt motor.
- 6. Speed torque characteristic of a D. C. Shunt motor.
- 7. D. C. Series motor, Speed -torque characteristic.
- 8. Swinburne's test
- 9. Regulation of an alternator by synchronous impedance method
- 10. To study the construction and starting method of a single phase induction motor

- 1. D.P.Kothari and I.J.Nagrath, 'Electric Machines', McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, latest Edition.
- 2. A Fitzgerald, Charles Kingsley, Stephen Umans, 'Electric Machinery', McGraw Hill Education, latest edition.
- 3. Mukherjee and Chakravorty, Electrical Machines, Dhanpat Rai Pub., New Delhi, latest edition
- 4. M. G. Say, The performance and design of alternating current machines, CBS Publishers and Distributors, Delhi, latest edition
- 5. A. E. Clayton and N. M. Hancock, The Performance and Design of Direct Current Machines, CBS Publishers

L	Т	Р	Credit
3	1	0	04
			Scheme

1. Course Outcomes (COs):

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	explain the basic principle of electrical machines based on principle of electromagnetic energy				
	conversion				
CO2	develop the mathematical model of DC machine				
CO3	explain various reference frame theories for modeling electric machines				
CO4	deduce the mathematical model of induction, synchronous and permanent magnet				
	synchronous machines based on reference frame theory				
CO5	analyze the performance of electric machines based on the derived mathematical machines				
CO6	simulate various electric machines based on mathematical models				

2. Syllabus

BASIC PRINCIPLE OF ELECTRIC MACHINE

Review of Magnetic circuit and electromagnetics (Faraday's law, Ampere's law, Bio Savart's law, Kirchhoff law and Maxwell's equation (integral form and point form)), Principle of transformer action, Principle of Electromagnetic Energy Conversion, Elementary electric machine

DC MACHINE MODELLING •

Modeling of D.C. Machine (Separately Excited, shunt and series type), Linearization of machine equations, State-Space Modeling of the machine.

INDUCTION MACHINE MODELING •

Distributed Winding in AC Machinery, winding function, air gap mmf, rotating mmf, Flux linkage and Inductance, Stator and rotor voltage equation and torque equation in stator reference frame, Reference frame theory: Space phasor description, Derivation of induction motor modelling in rotor flux and stator flux reference frame, Derivation of steady state model.

PERMANENT MAGNET MACHINE MODELING

Voltage and torque equation of surface mount permanent magnet machine in stator reference frame, Voltage and torque equation of surface mount permanent magnet machine in rotor reference frame, Derivation of steady state model.

SYNCHRONOUS MACHINE MODELING •

Voltage and torque equation of salient pole synchronous machine including damper winding in stator reference frame, Voltage and torque equation of salient pole synchronous machine including damper winding in rotor reference frame.

(06 Hours)

(12 Hours)

(11 Hours)

(11 Hours)

Total Hours: 45

(05 Hours)

- 1. P. C. Krause, Oreg Wasynczuk, Scott D. Sudhoff, "Analysis of Electric Machinery and drive systems", Wiley Interscience, 2nd Edition, 2010.
- 2. P. S. Bimbhra, "Generalized theory of Electrical M/C", Khanna Publication, 2000.
- 3. S. K. Sen, "Electrical Machinery", Khanna Pub., Delhi, 2012.
- 4. Mrittunjay Bhattacharya, "Electrical Machines: Modelling and Analysis", PHI, 2016.
- 5. R. Ramanujam, "Modelling and Analysis of Electrical Machines", Wiley, 2019.

L	Т	Р	Credit
3	1	0	04
			Scheme

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	illustrate various methods of solving linear system
CO2	apply various methods of solving non-linear system to power system problems.
CO3	apply various methods of solving sparse matrices to power system problems.
CO4	use various methods of numerical integration to solve differential equation pertaining to power
	system.
CO5	use modal analysis for small signal stability study of power systems.
CO6	Estimate states of the system using optimization techniques

2. Syllabus

• SOLUTION OF LINEAR SYSTEMS

Gaussian elimination, LU factorization with partial and complete pivoting, condition numbers and error propagation, relaxation methods, conjugate gradient methods.

• SOLUTION OF NONLINEAR SYSTEMS

Method to solve nonlinear system: Newton's method, Broyden's method, Finite difference method, Power system applications: Power flow, regulating transformers, Decoupled power flow, Fast Decoupled power flow, PV curves and continuation power flow, Three phase power flow.

• SPARSE MATRIX SOLUTION TECHNIQUES

Storage methods, sparse matrix representation, Ordering schemes: Scheme O, Scheme I, Scheme II, Other scheme, Power system applications.

• NUMERICAL INTEGRATION

explicit methods, implicit methods, One step methods, Multistep methods, fixed step methods, variable step methods, Stability and accuracy-analysis of numerical methods, stiff systems, step size selection, differential algebraic systems, Power system application: Transient stability analysis.

• EIGENVALUE PROBLEMS

Eigen value computations methods: QR algorithm, Power method, Arnoldi methods, Prony method. Power system applications: Modal analysis, participation factors, SSR analysis.

(**07 Hours**) nethod Fini

(07 Hours)

(07 Hours)

(07 Hours)

(08 Hours)

• **OPTIMIZATION**

(09 Hours)

Least squares optimization, Weighted Least square optimization, Steepest Descent algorithm, Newton's method. Power system applications: Optimal power flow, Linear and Nonlinear least square state estimation.

Total Hours: 45

- 1. Mariesa Crow, Computational Methods for Electric Power Systems, 2nd edition, Electric power engineering series, CRC Press, 2009.
- 2. S. A. Soman, S. A. Khaparde, and Shubha Pandit, Computational Methods for Large Sparse Power System Analysis, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2012.
- 3. Stagg and El-Abiad, Computer Methods in Power System Analysis, McGraw Hill Series, International student Edition, 1968.
- 4. Reijer Idema and Domenico J. P. Lahaye, Computational Methods in Power System Analysis, Volume 1, Atlantis Press, Atlantis Studies in Scientific Computing in Electromagnetics. 2014.
- 5. J. Arrillaga and C. P. Arnold, Computer Analysis of Power Systems, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, 1990

L	Т	Р	Credit
3	1	0	04
	1	1	Scheme

1. <u>Course Outcomes (COs):</u>

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

CO1	construct state-space models for the systems from the ubiquitous domains, i.e. electrical,
	Mechanical Systems and dynamic systems, etc.
CO2	correlate concepts, methodologies of differential equations, transfer function model with the
	state space techniques.
CO3	recast linear, nonlinear, multi input multi output, continuous and discrete systems in state
	space form.
CO4	design control systems using the state space techniques and analyze the properties of state
	space models which are essential for developing controllers and observers.
CO5	apply state space techniques for the models of real world problems.

2. Syllabus

- MATHEMATICAL BACKGROUND-MATRICES: (03 Hours) Definition of Matrices; Matrix Algebra; Matrix Multiplication and Inversion; Rank of a Matrix; Differentiation and Integration of Matrix.
- STATE SPACE ANALYSIS METHODS AND TECHNIQUES: (16 Hours) State Variables; State-Space Representation of Electrical and Mechanical and Electromechanical Systems; State Space Representation of Nth Order, Linear Differential Equation; Transformation to Phase Variable Canonical Form; Relationship Between Transfer Functions and State Equations; Characteristic Equation; Eigen Values and Eigen Vectors; Transformation to Diagonal Canonical Form; Jordan Canonical Form.
- SOLUTION OF THE TIME-INVARIANT SYSTEMS: (07 Hours) Solution of the Time-Invariant State Equation; State Transition Matrix and its Properties; Transfer Matrix; Transfer Matrix of Closed Loop Systems, Methods of calculations of the matrix exponentials using algebraic and algorithmic methods.
- CONTROLLABILTY AND OBSERVABILITY: (10 Hours)
 Concept of Controllability and Observability; Kalman's Theorems on Controllability; and Observability, Alternative Tests (Gilbert's Method) of Controllability and Observability.

and Observability, Alternative Tests (Gilbert's Method) of Controllability and Observability; Principle of Duality; Relationship among Controllability, Observability and Transfer Function, Decomposition of Transfer Function-Direct, Cascade and Parallel Decomposition; State Diagram.

. . . .

• LYAPUNOV STABILITY ANALYSIS:

(09 HOURS)

Stability of Equilibrium State in the Sense of Lyapunov; Graphical Representation of Stability; Asymptotic Stability and Instability; Sign-Definiteness of Scalar Function; Second Method of Lyapunov; Stability Analysis of Linear Systems; Krasovskii's Theorem; Lyapunov Function Based on Variable Gradient Method.

Total Hours: 45

- 1. J. Nagrath & M. Gopal, "Control System Engineering", New Age International Publisher Edition, 2001.
- K. Ogata, "Modern Control System Engineering", Pearson Education Asia, 4th Edition, 2002
- 3. B. C. Kuo, "Automatic Control Systems", Prentice Hall of India, 7th Edition, 1995.
- 4. Nise N. S., "Control System Engineering", John Wiley & sons, 4th Edition, 2004.
- 5. P. F. Blackman, "Introduction to State Variable Analysis", the McMillan Press, 1st Ed 1977.
- 6. Williams, R. L. and Lawrence, D. A. Linear State-Space Control Systems, John Wiley: N New Jersey, 2007.